Pengaruh Jarak Tanam dan Dosis pupuk NPK 16-16-16 Terhadap Produksi dan Mutu Benih Kenikir (Cosmos caudatus Kunth.) (Effect of Plant Spacing and NPK 16-16-16 Fertilizer Dosage on Production and Quality of Kenikir Seeds (Cosmos caudatus Kunth.)) Supervior by Dr. Ir. Nantil Bambang Eko S, M.Si.

Atis Warna Sita

Seed Production Engineering Study Program
Agricultural Production Department
Program Studi Teknik Produksi Benih
Jurusan Produksi Pertanian

## **ABSTRACT**

The aims of this research is to obtain a good cultivation techniques by plant spacing method and appliying NPK 16-16-16 at certain dosage to increase kenikir's seed production. This research was conducted at agricultural land on Kaliurang Street, Sumbersari District, Jember, East Java, using a Factorial Completely Randomized Design (CRD) with two factors. The first factor is a plant spacing (J) which consist of level (J1)  $50 \times 50$  cm and level (J2)  $60 \times 60$  cm. The second factor is the NPK 16-16-16 fertilizer dosage which consist of level (P1)  $40 \times 100$  Kg/Ha, (P2)  $120 \times 100$  Kg/Ha, and (P3)  $200 \times 100$  Kg/Ha which are repeated 4 times. The observation data results was analyzed using ANOVA and would be retested by DMRT at 5% levels if it show a significantly affected. The best interaction results were found in the J2P3 treatment combination, that is a  $60 \times 60 \times 60$  cm of planting distance and a dose of NPK 16-16-16 of  $200 \times 100$  Kg/Ha to the number of primary branch parameters with an average  $37.65 \times 1000$  branches per plant.

**Key Words:** Kenikir, Planting Distance, NPK 16-16-16, and Seed Production.