The Effect of Education on Infant and Child Feeding Patterns (IYCF) Using E-Booklets on the Knowledge and Skills of Mothers of Underweight Toddlers (Case Study in Trebungan Village, Mlandingan District, Situbondo Regency)

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## **ABSTRACT**

Underweight is a nutritional problem identified using the weight according to age (WW/A) indicator. Underweight is caused by several factors, namely a lack of nutritional knowledge and maternal skills in feeding children. Efforts to increase the knowledge and skills of mothers of toddlers in feeding their children are carried out through e-booklet media. The aim of this research is to determine the effect of education on infant and young child feeding patterns (IYCF) using ebooklets on the knowledge and skills of mothers of underweight toddlers in Trebungan Village, Mlandingan District, Situbondo Regency. This research used a pre-experimental design method type one group pretest posttest design with 33 respondents and was taken using total sampling. Knowledge data was collected using a knowledge questionnaire and skills data was obtained through a 24-hour food recall questionnaire. The research results showed that there was a significant difference between mothers' knowledge before and after the intervention using ebooklet media with p=0.000, the results of the amount of food consumed showed that there was a significant difference before and after the intervention using ebooklet media with (energy p=0.000, protein p=0.008, fat p=0.00, and carbohydrates p = 0.000), the results of the type/variety of food ingredients show that there is a significant difference before and after the intervention using ebooklet media with p = 0.001, the results of food frequency show that there is no difference significant before and after the intervention using e-booklet media with p = 1.000.

Keywords: E-booklet, Knowledge, Skills, Underweight, Toddlers