Effect of NPK Fertilizer Application (15:15:15) With the Addition of

Variation in the Concentration of Liquid Organic Fertilizer on the Calix

Yield of Roselle Plants (Hibiscus Sabdariffa L).

Firza Fardian Kristanto

Estate Crops Cultivation Study Program

Department of Agricultural Production

ABSTRACT

This research was carried out in Antirogo Village, Sumbersari District, Jember

Regency. This study was conducted on November 4, 2018 to May 19, 2019. The

study design used a non factorial randomized block design with 4 levels of

treatment namely N0 (0 ml/liter), N1 (5 ml/liter), N2 (10 ml/liter), N3 (15 ml/liter)

and repeated 6 times. The parameters observed were plant height, number of

kaliks, kaliks wet weight, kaliks dry weight, stover wet weight, stover dry weight.

Data obtained for each parameter were analyzed using F Tests of 5% and 1%. If

between treatments there are significant differences (significantly different) then it

will be tested further using Polynomial Contrast. The results of this study indicate

that the administration of Nasa liquid organic fertilizer with a concentration of 0

ml/liter, 5 ml/liter, 10 ml/liter, 15 ml/liter, significantly affects all observational

parameters so that further tests of polynomial contrast and quadratic effect on

plant height parameters that have an optimum concentration of 15 ml/liter.

Keywords: Red Rosella (Hibiscus sabdariifa L), Liquid Organic Fertilizer

viii