THE EFFECT OF GIVING SIWALAN SAP (Borassus flabellifer.L) ON VO₂ MAX AND HEART RATE RECOVERY IN STUDENTS FOOTBALL SCHOOL PUTRA SATRIA TUBAN DISTRICT

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ABSTRACT

Football athletes often experience decreased endurance and stamina. Quantitatively, endurance can be measured through cardiorespiration during exercise. Cardiorespiratory endurance can be measured through VO2 max and heart rate. To stabilize heart rate and VO2 max, rehydration fluids containing glucose and electrolytes are needed. Siwalan sap is a natural drink that contains glucose, potassium and sodium. The purpose of this study was to examine the effect of giving siwalan sap (Borassus flabelliefer.L) on VO2 max and heart rate in Putra Satria SSB students. This study used a Quasi-Experimental research design with a Pretest-Posttest With Control Group design. The research subjects were 34 SSB Putra Satria aged 12-15 years who met the inclusion criteria and were divided into 2 groups, namely the treatment group and the control group. The control group was given mineral water while the treatment group was given 500 ml of siwalan sap before training. VO2 max measurement using MFT (Multistage Fitness Test) and pulse rate using palpation technique. Based on the Mann whitney test, there was a significant difference between the VO2 max values in the control and treatment groups after the intervention (p=0.001). Based on the Independent test, there was a significant difference between the pulse rate in the control group and the treatment after the intervention (p=0.006). It can be concluded that there is an effect of giving siwalan sap on the VO2 max value and pulse rate of Putra Satria SSB students.

Keywords: Siwalan sap, endurance, VO2 max, heart rate recovery, sodium, potassium, glucose