Income Analysis of Duck Farmers After the Covid-19 Pandemic Period in Gending District, Probolinggo Regency

Dewi Ayu Nurjanah Poultry Business Management Study Program Animal Husbandry Department

ABSTRACT

This study aims to: (1) Find out the income of duck farmers after the Covid-19 pandemic (2) Evaluate the results of the business analysis of duck farmers after the Covid-19 pandemic. This research was conducted in Gending District with a total of 11 duck breeders. In this study using quantitative methods in data collection by distributing questionnaires in Gending District. Data processing from distributing questionnaires was processed using descriptive statistical methods and then the results of the questionnaire were processed into data in the form of graphs and explanations. The data analysis technique is to calculate costs, revenues, revenues, R/C Ratio and BEP. The results showed that the lowest income earned after the Covid-19 pandemic by duck farmers was Rp. 2,506 per head, while based on the average income earned after the Covid-19 pandemic by duck breeders, the highest was Rp. 30,113 per head. The lowest R/C ratio of laying ducks in Gending District, Probolinggo Regency was 1.06 with a business scale of 300 heads, while the highest was 2.53 with a business scale of 250 ducks. The lowest BEP price is Rp. 282,549, while the highest was Rp. 6.149. The lowest product BEP is 141 grains, while the highest is 698 grains.

Key words: Covid-19, income, breeder, laying ducks, Break event Point