

Aplikasi Konsentrasi dan Lama Perendaman H₂SO₄ terhadap Perkecambahan dan Pertumbuhan Awal Bibit Kopi Arabika Lini S 795 (*Coffea arabica* L.). (*Application of Concentration and Soaking Duration of H₂SO₄ on Germination and Early Growth of Arabica Coffee Seeds Line S 795 (*Coffea arabica* L.).* Supervised by : Dosen Pembimbing Ir. Sri Rahayu, MP.

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ABSTRACT

*This research aims to determine the effect of concentration, soaking duration, and interaction between concentration and soaking duration of H₂SO₄ on germination and early growth of arabica coffee seeds (*Coffea arabica* L.). This research was conducted in December 2018 to April 2019 at field of State Polytechnic of Jember, Jember Regency, East Java. It was applied Randomized Complete Block Design with 2 factors and 3 replications. The first factor was concentration (K) consisted 3 levels, control (K₀), concentration of 10% (K₁), 20% (K₂), and 30% (K₃). The second factor was duration of soaking consisted 3 levels, 15 minutes (L₁), 30 minutes (L₂), and 45 minutes (L₃). The data was analyzed by using Analysis of Variance (ANOVA) and followed by Duncan's Multiple Range Test (DMRT) 5% and LSD 5%. The result of this research shows that concentration of H₂SO₄ 20% (K₂) is significant on viability (100%), growth speed (5,38%/days) and growth simultaneously (86,67%). Duration of soaking (L) is non significant for all parameters. The interaction between H₂SO₄ concentration 20% and soaking duration of 45 minutes (K₂L₃) is significant on parameter weight of gross stover of 1,88 grams and dry stover of 0,54 grams.*

Key words : Arabica Coffee, Concentration of H₂SO₄ , Duration of Soaking,